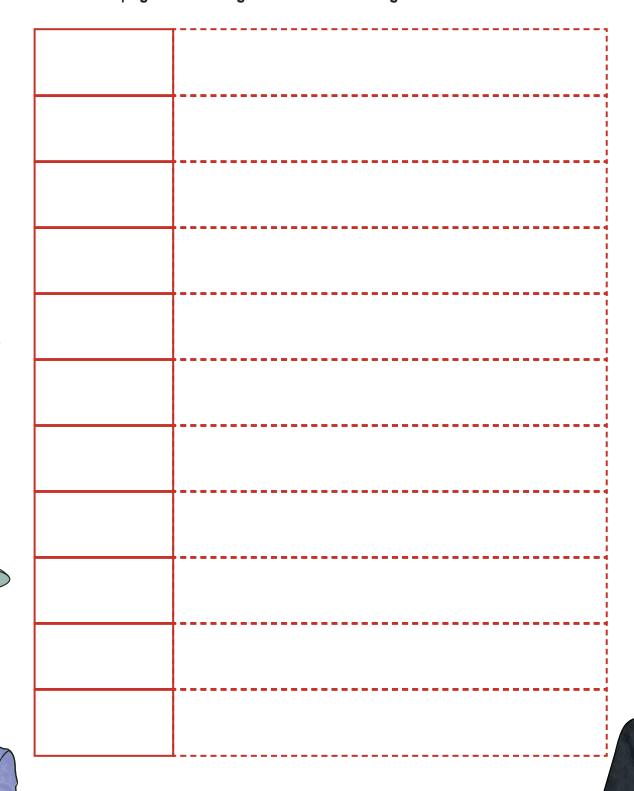
THE HISTORY OF SUFFRAGISTS

Cut out the pieces of information in the timeline on the following page and arrange them in chronological order below.



Organise and represent data in a chronological order.



THE HISTORY OF SUFFRAGISTS

CUT OUTS

| 1899 | Western Australia granted voting rights to women. |
|------|--|
| 1884 | Henrietta Dugdale formed the first Australian women's suffrage society in Melbourne, Victoria in 1884. |
| 1897 | Catherine Helen Spence became the first female candidate to run for office. |
| 1861 | Propertied women in South Australia could vote in local municipal elections. |
| 1903 | Four women stood for federal election as independents – all were unsuccessful. |
| 1901 | Woman in South Australia and Western Australia voted on Federation. |
| 1943 | Enid Lyons became the Member for Darwin (in Tasmania) in the House of Representatives, and Dorothy Tangney was elected to represent Western Australia in the Senate. |
| 1894 | The Women's Suffrage Bill Women is passed in South Australia so they can vote for the Parliament of South Australia. |
| 1902 | The Commonwealth Franchise Act 1902 gave all non-indigenous women over 21 the right to vote and stand for election for federal Parliament. |
| 1838 | Female descendants of the Bounty mutineers who lived on Pitcairn Islands could vote. |
| 1895 | Queen Victoria ratifies women's vote. |

Organise and represent data in a chronological order.

