

# Level 4 Data & Graphing

Bloomsmath is a comprehensive mathematics program which provides a fun way for every student to be learning to the best of their ability.

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## Data & Graphing

Level 4 is designed for students in their fourth year at school often called Year 3. Students will gather and organise data, display data using tables and graphs and interpret the results.

Knowledge: Students will convert data into a bar graph.

Students who demonstrate proficiency in this activity move on to Comprehension.



Students stop here as they require additional teacher support to master this activity.

#### Comprehension: Students will survey other students to create column and bar graphs.



Students who demonstrate proficiency in this activity move on to Application.



Students stop here if time has run out or they require additional support with this activity.

Application: Students will convert data into a bar graph and then into a pie graph.



Students who demonstrate proficiency in this activity move on to Analysis.



Students stop here if time has run out or they require additional support with this activity.

Analysis: Students will create more complex pie graphs from bar graphs.



Students who demonstrate proficiency in this activity move on to Synthesis.



Students stop here if time has run out or they require additional support with this activity.

Synthesis: Students will select the most appropriate way to display given data.

Evaluation: Suggested questions provide a starting point for discussions related to Graphs and Data.



Students may complete more or fewer activities for each learning outcome depending on the time allocated and their strength in the area being covered.



All students should participate in the Evaluation discussion to encourage the use of mathematical language, logical reasoning and reflection on that which they have completed.

## Knowledge

Convert each set of data below into a bar graph. An example has been done to help you.

		Coloured Buttons in Each Packet							
Numbers of Buttons	5	5 3 1 1							
Button Colours	Red	Blue	Green	Yellow					

Total Number of Buttons / Segments = 10

Colour 1 segment per button.

Now try each of these.

		Student's Favourite Fast Food							
Number of Students	4	5	7	1	3				
Fast Foods	Pizza	Burgers	Chips	Nuggets	Meat Pie				

Total Number of Students / Segments:

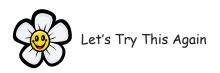
		1							

		Favourite Sport								
Number of Students	2	3 3 1 2 1								
Sports	Cricket	Soccer	Ballet	Kayaking	Running	Cycling	Football			

Total Number of Students / Segments:

		Pets							
Number of Students	6	2							
Pets	Dog	Cat	Fish	Bird					

Total Number of Students / Segments:





Progress To Comprehension

Knowledge



Evaluation

### Comprehension

Choose a topic already provided or one of your own and survey 15 students. Create a bar graph of the results as you collect them and then convert this into a bar graph. Answer the questions about your data at the bottom of the page.

	Sur	vey T	opic:							
Students										
				Ť						
				1						
				$\uparrow$						
Item:									 	
								Τ		

What was the highest scoring topic?

What was the lowest scoring topic?

Is it easier to see the data as a column graph or bar graph?



Let's Try This Again



Progress To Application

Data & Graphing – Level 4 – Students will organise, display, create and interpret data and graphs

Knowledge

Comprehension

Application

Analysis

Synthesis

Evaluation



## Application

Convert the data below into a column graph and then into a bar graph. Use your bar graph and the instruction to turn your bar graph into a pie graph.

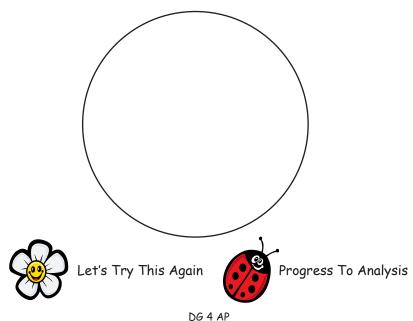
Tally Graph - Fill in the number of students. 1.

	Students Hair Colour							
Hair Colour	Tally Marks	Number of Students						
Red								
Blonde								
Black	H#1							
Dark Brown								
Light Brown	₩							

#### 2. Convert this information into a bar graph.

			Students Hair Colour							
its	7									
der	6									
Number of Students	5									
of :	4									
20	3									
qm	2									
Ž	1									
		Red	Blonde	Black	Dark Brown	Light Brown				

- 3. Convert the data into a Bar Graph by colouring the bar graph on the left.
- 4. Cut out the bar graph and curve it into a circle. Line it up against the edge of the circle below and use the coloured segments to mark the circumference of the circle. Draw pie pieces to represent each coloured hair segment.







## Analysis

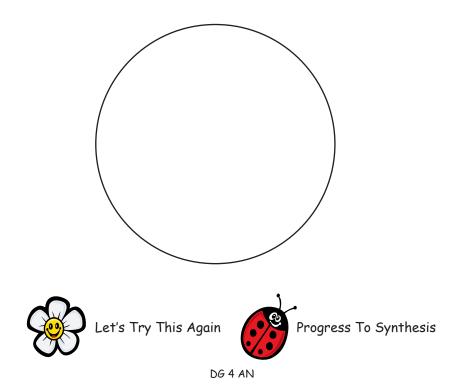
Survey 10 students on a topic of your choice and then convert the data into a bar graph and pie chart below.

#### Survey Data

		Title:
	10	
	9	
nts	8	
Number of Students	7	
st St	6	
r of	5	
mbe	4	
Nu	3	
	2	
	1	
	Торіс	

Bar Graph (at the left side):

Pie Graph:



Knowledge

Comprehension

Application

Analysis

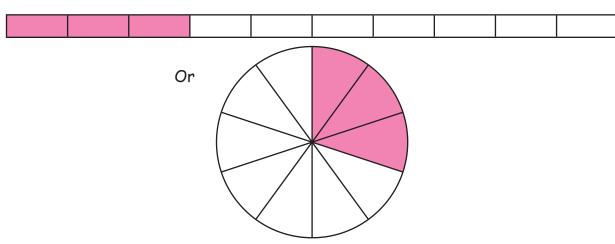
Synthesis

Evaluation



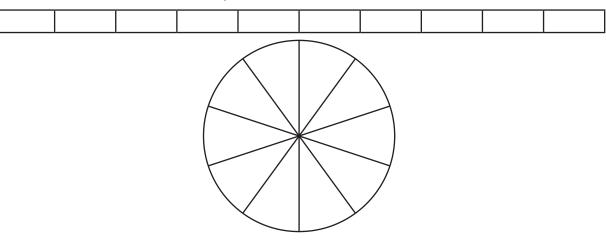
## Synthesis

Bar graphs and pie charts can also be used when percentages are given. Ie. 30% of people liked strawberry ice cream can be shown as:

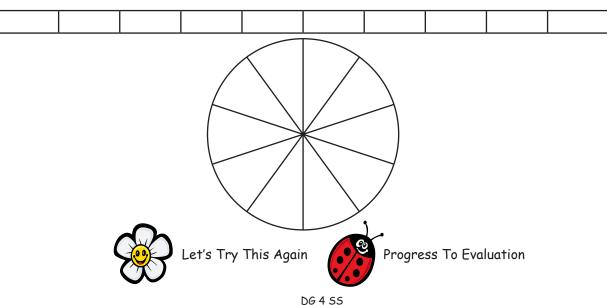


Use both of these methods for representing data to display these pieces of information.

1. The Liberal member was expected to win 60% of the vote.

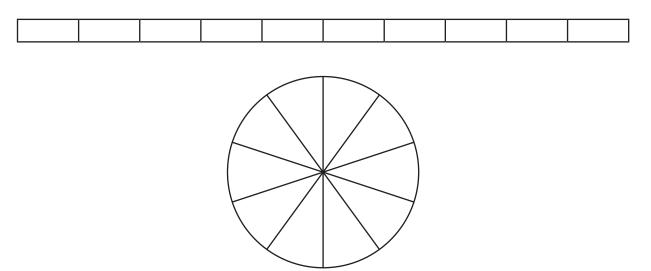


2. Of the 100 people interviewed 30 liked KFC, 40% liked McDonalds and the rest preferred to not eat fast food.

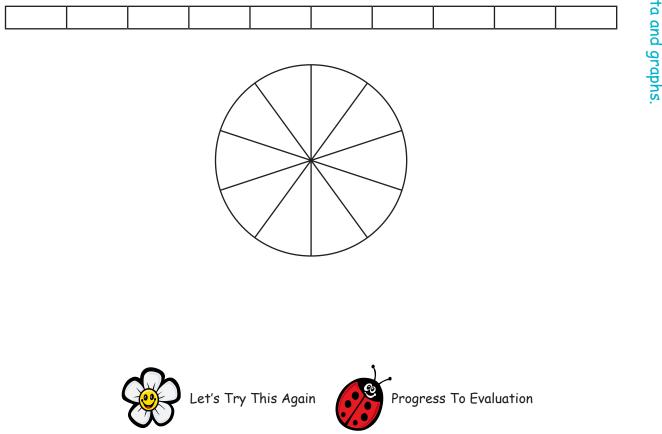


## Synthesis (part 2)

3. The rain poured but only for 3 of the 10 days that we were at camp. The rest of the time it was sunny.



4. Of the 40 students interviewed 20% said that they liked wearing school uniform, 20 said that they wanted to choose their own clothes every day and the rest couldn't decide.



## Evaluation

The following questions and activities are provided as a starting point for fun discussions related to Graphs and Data. During these conversations students will have an opportunity to use appropriate mathematical language in its correct context, to engage in reflection on the Graphs and Data activities they have completed and to use logical reasoning to tie their in-class mathematics to its everyday context.



Is it easier to collect data as a tally mark or a bar graph?



Why do tally marks use a cross across four lines to show 5?



Is it easier to read column tally marks, totals, a bar graphs or a pie graph - why?



Does different data need to be displayed in different ways?



Which graph is the easiest to construct? Which graph is the most difficult to construct?



How could you make a pie graph if it was not divided into segments for you and you did not have a bar graph?



Analysis

Synthesis

Knowledge

Comprehension

Application

